







## Targeting and out-scaling interventions in agricultural systems

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Bioversity International and the International Center for Tropical Agriculture (CIAT) are CGIAR Research Centers. CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food-secure future.

# INTRODUCTION

- Heterogeneity of agricultural systems:
  - Bio-physical
  - Socio-economic



- Influences suitability and adoption of interventions
- Also influences impacts -when adopted and out-scaled

Agriculture is highly location specific. Improving its productivity and profitability, while ensuring sustainable use of land and other natural resources, relies on knowledge and analysis that best captures those <u>local contexts</u>.

## **SPATIAL TARGETING**

- Heterogeneous environment (bio-physical, socio-economic, institutional, policies)
- Many different practices, technologies
- No one-fit-all solution
- But: suitable in different contexts

```
Targeting =
Matching to the
context
```





## Suitability maps

The spatially-explicit matching of conditions hypothesized to favor the successful

implementation of a potential intervention with the spatial database

 $\rightarrow$  as such it maps out the geographical areas/locations where this specific strategy is likely to have a positive impact — — — —

#### BRACHIARIA SUITABILITY

	Precipitation	Тетр	Fertility (~ SOC)	рН		AEZ – growing season
Piata	> 600mm	>25º C	Moderate to high	4-8	light to heavy	Semi-arid
	600 - 2625 mm	25-296 ºC	10-167 g/kg	4-8	-	11 – 52 weeks





## **OUT-SCALING**

The majority of development activities remain isolated, one-time interventions

→ Scaling out: applying the lessons learned, the technology tested, ... in one location to another location

→ Scaling up: expanding, adapting, and sustaining successful projects, programs, or policies over time for greater development impact
 → How do we do this scaling up?

- More funds, innovation systems, policy support, institutional support, scaling out, ...

- Part of "innovation, learning, scaling up"



# Two tools +

The targeting tool matches suitability criteria with a spatial database
 suitability many areas where a specific strategy is likely to be

suitability maps: areas where a specific strategy is likely to have a positive impact.

- 2. The <u>out-scaling</u> tool estimates the potential for out-scaling using socio-ecological characterization and similarity analysis.
  - →similarity maps: indicating the wider applicability of the intervention

The <u>characterisation</u> tool calculates zonal statistics, e.g. total area covered, human or livestock population, ...
 a table with the statistics per suitability/similarity class

## Suitability/Feasibility maps – some "food for thought"

- Location comprises both biophysical (e.g., land, broadly defined) and socioeconomic factors. Targeting needs to take the socioeconomic and institutional context into account too.
- Reality is not static, e.g. global environmental change, economic development, ...
- Lots of advances in geographic data, still socio-economic data more scarce.

• Beyond geographical targeting: the maps still hide a lot of heterogeneity, a.o. differences at household level









# Thank you!

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